ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Lipan Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2024

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

<u>Lipan Independent School District</u> Name of School District	<u>Hood</u> County	<u>111-902</u> Co. Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached fi	nancial reports of the a	bove named school district
were reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for t	he year ended August 31, 2024,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such sch	nool district on the $\underline{\mathcal{QC}}$	day of November, 2024
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Lipan Independent School District 211 N. Kickapoo Lipan, Texas 76462

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lipan Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lipan Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lipan Independent School District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lipan Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in Fiscal Year 2024, Lipan Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lipan Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the District's OPEB contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lipan Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as other supplementary information in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles; and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Snow Garrett Williams

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2024 on our consideration of Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Snow Garrett Williams November 18, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,479,993 (net position). The District has unrestricted net position in the amount of (\$629,553).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,876,694. The District has an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of \$3,250,781.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,250,781, or 42% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

- All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.
- **Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 18-19.
- **Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-44 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45-51 of this report.



Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,479,993 as of August 31, 2024.

The District's Net Position

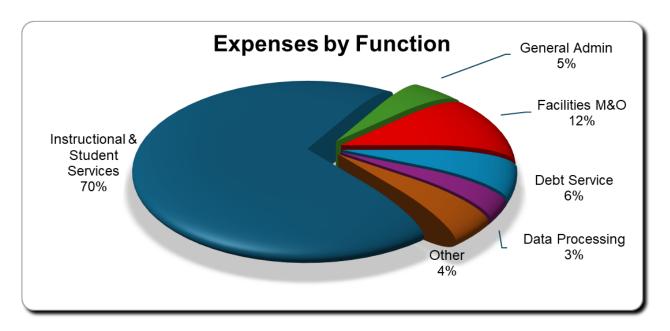
	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023
Current assets	\$ 4,703,797	\$ 4,463,735
Capital assets	20,792,910	20,252,183
Long-term investments	1,550,000	1,375,000
Total assets	27,046,707	26,090,918
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	821,436	848,202
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	740,821	910,601
Total deferred outflows of resources		
Total deletted outliows of resources	1,562,257	1,758,803
Current liabilities	285,245	278,419
Long-term liabilities outstanding	19,896,206	20,126,694
Total liabilities	20,181,451	20,405,113
D () ! ()		
Deferred inflows of resources	00.000	44.040
Deferred gain on refunding	38,886	41,316
Deferred inflows related to pensions	90,391	139,884
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,818,243	1,996,145
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,947,520	2,177,345
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	4,541,186	3,865,385
Restricted	2,568,360	2,051,605
Unrestricted	(629,553)	(649,727)
Total net position	\$ 6,479,993	\$ 5,267,263

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use assets) is \$4,541,186. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$2,568,360, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, (\$629,553), may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This deficit is not an indication that the District does not have resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are more than currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased \$1,212,730. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$8,757,316. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$3,247,249 or 37%.

Changes in the District's Net Position - Governmental Activities

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 5,839	\$ 30,358
Operating grants and contributions	1,826,152	1,155,663
General revenues		
Property taxes	3,247,249	3,738,792
State grants	3,587,487	3,135,543
Other	1,303,319	277,984
Special item inflow	-	24,859
Total revenues	9,970,046	8,363,199
Expenses:		
Instruction	4,358,731	3,918,908
Instruction resources and media services	52,144	42,647
Curriculum and staff development	1,398	3,795
Instructional leadership	121,416	127,997
School leadership	465,188	432,990
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	146,815	126,365
Health services	81,895	78,435
Student transportation	192,129	193,608
Food service	250,966	259,646
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	425,174	383,574
General administration	417,923	421,153
Facilities maintenance and operations	1,026,378	881,887
Security and monitoring services	176,193	153,665
Data processing services	288,729	245,070
Interest on long-term debt	535,324	544,046
Bond issuance costs and fees	(2,430)	(2,430)
Capital outlay	25,530	-
Payments related to shared service arrangements	118,758	78,984
Other intergovernemental charges	75,055	81,983
Total expenses	8,757,316	7,972,323
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,212,730	390,876
Beginning net position	5,267,263	4,876,387
Ending net position	\$ 6,479,993	\$ 5,267,263



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,876,694, an increase of \$429,697. *Unassigned fund balance* is \$3,250,781. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted to pay (1) debt service (\$968,023), (2) for capital acquisitions (\$73,447), (3) for federal and state grants (\$16,563), and (4) for the bond sinking fund (\$1,550,000), and nonspendable for prepaids (\$17,880).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,250,781. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 42% of the total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased \$74,534 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the decrease are:

- Increased costs for instruction services
- Increased costs of facilities maintenance and operations
- · Increased capital outlay expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's debt service fund increased \$525,582 during the current fiscal year, due to an increase in property tax revenues, interest earnings, and state program revenues, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2,518,023.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments were due to allow for unexpected occurrences and to better reflect the activities of the District. The revised budgeted revenue was primarily due to:

- Increase in enrollment
- Increase in certified property values

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted by \$25,037, primarily related to local and intermediate sources; and,
- Actual expenditures were lower than final amounts budgeted by \$430,109, primarily from expense
 areas for instruction, facilities maintenance and operations, data processing services, and capital
 outlay.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2024, amounts to \$20,792,910 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use assets.

Major capital asset events during the year included land purchases, new band instruments and large campus improvement projects on the Ag Shop and Elementary

District's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	August 31, 2024		Au	gust 31, 2023
Land	\$	736,181	\$	347,437
Buildings and improvements		19,143,477		18,940,633
Furniture and equipment		890,329		932,317
Right to use assets		22,923		31,796
Total at historical cost	\$	20,792,910	\$	20,252,183

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C on page 28 of this report.

Long-term liabilities. As of August 31, 2024, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$15,393,346, a decrease of \$99,729 from the prior year. The District had accumulated accretion on CAB's outstanding of \$979,268, a decrease of \$113,286 from the previous year. Premium on bonds decreased \$40,822 from the prior year resulting in an ending balance of \$908,579. The lease liability had an ending balance of \$23,246, which is a decrease of \$8,681 from the prior year. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2024 had an ending balance of \$1,783,153, which is an increase of \$203,226 from the prior year. And finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2024 had an ending balance of \$808,614, which is a decrease of \$171,196 from the prior year.

The District's bonds are rated "A1" by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas. The uninsured tax supported debt of the District is rated "A1" by Moody's. The district also has one other issue outstanding which is rated "A1" by Moody's by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$33,431,012.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note E on pages 29-30 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District's student attendance rate has remained stable at 97%; enrollment has increased from around 430 to near 450.
- The District's tax rate is currently at \$0.7496 per \$100 in assessed property value, the maximum tax rate allowable by state law for maintenance and operations. The District has appropriated revenues and expenditures of \$6,867,501 in the 2024-2025 general fund budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Lipan ISD Business Office, 211 N. Kickapoo St., Lipan, TX 76462.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

_		1
Data		
Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 525,588
1120	Current Investments	3,856,846
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	120,145
1240	Due from Other Governments	165,083
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	18,255
1410	Unrealized Expenses	17,880
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	736,181
1520	Buildings and Improvements (Net)	19,143,477
1530	Furniture and Equipment (Net)	890,329
1550	Right to Use Assets (Net)	22,923
1910	Long-Term Investments	1,550,000
1000	Total Assets	27,046,707
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	821,436
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	740,821
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,562,257
	LIABILITIES	
04.40	LIABILITIES:	00.007
2140	Interest Payable	28,287
2165	Accrued Liabilities	256,958
0504	Noncurrent Liabilities:	101 000
2501	Due Within One Year	101,308
2502	Due in More Than One Year	17,203,131
2540	Net Pension Liability	1,783,153
2545	Net OPEB Liability	808,614
2000	Total Liabilities	20,181,451
	DEFENDED INCLOSES OF DECOLIDATES.	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	00.000
	Deferred Gain on Refunding	38,886
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	90,391
0000	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1,818,243
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,947,520
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,541,186
3200	Restricted For:	4,541,100
3820	Federal and State Programs	16 562
	Debt Service	16,563
3850		1,001,797
3890	Sinking Fund	1,550,000
3900	Unrestricted Total Not Position	(629,553) \$ 6,470,003
3000	Total Net Position	\$ <u>6,479,993</u>

Net (Expense)

LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

			1		3		4	F	Revenue and
									Changes in
					Prograr	n Revenu	es		Net Position
Data						(Operating		
Control					charges for		Grants and	G	Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	4,358,731	\$		\$	782,235	\$	(3,576,496)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		52,144				3,232		(48,912)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,398				125		(1,273)
21	Instructional Leadership		121,416				7,644		(113,772)
23	School Leadership		465,188				29,067		(436,121)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		146,815				36,764		(110,051)
33	Health Services		81,895				5,036		(76,859)
34	Student Transportation		192,129				13,184		(178,945)
35	Food Service		250,966		5,839		209,426		(35,701)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		425,174				28,737		(396,437)
41	General Administration		417,923				25,639		(392,284)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,026,378				119,331		(907,047)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		176,193				166,593		(9,600)
53	Data Processing Services		288,729				19,721		(269,008)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		535,324				262,587		(272,737)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		(2,430)						2,430
81	Capital Outlay		25,530				107,181		81,651
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	S	118,758				9,650		(109,108)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		75,055						(75,055)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		8,757,316		5,839		1,826,152		(6,925,325)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	8,757,316	\$	5,839	\$	1,826,152		(6,925,325)
	•								
N AT		eneral Reve		anaval D					0.050.000
MT			kes, Levied for G		•				2,258,229
DT			kes, Levied for D	ebt Servi	ce				989,020
IE		nvestment l							229,867
SF			rmula Grants						3,587,487
MI	Miscellaneous							1,073,452	
TR			eral Revenues					_	8,138,055
CN			Net Position						1,212,730
NB		et Position -						_	5,267,263
NE	Ne	et Position -	Ending					\$	6,479,993

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds	G	98 Total overnmental Funds
	ASSETS:	_		_		_		_	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	452,152	\$	1	\$	73,435	\$	525,588
1120	Current Investments		2,974,360		879,294		3,192		3,856,846
1225	Taxes Receivable		155,618		57,318				212,936
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(69,247)		(23,544)				(92,791)
1240	Due from Other Governments		36,565		88,728		39,790		165,083
1260	Due from Other Funds		19,392				23,968		43,360
1290	Other Receivables		18,255						18,255
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		17,880						17,880
1910	Long-Term Investments - Sinking Fund				1,550,000				1,550,000
1000	Total Assets	\$	3,604,975	\$_	2,551,797	\$_	140,385	\$	6,297,157
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:								
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	11,557	\$		\$		\$	11,557
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		233,669				6,708		240,377
2170	Due to Other Funds						43,360		43,360
2200	Accrued Expenditures		4,717			_	307	_	5,024
2000	Total Liabilities		249,943	_		_	50,375	_	300,318
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Property Taxes		86,371	_	33,774	_		_	120,145
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	86,371	_	33,774	_		_	120,145
	FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3430	Prepaid Items		17,880						17,880
	Restricted Fund Balances:		,						,
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions						16,563		16,563
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations						73,447		73,447
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				968,023				968,023
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance - Sinking Fund				1,550,000				1,550,000
3600	Unassigned		3,250,781						3,250,781
3000	Total Fund Balances		3,268,661		2,518,023	_	90,010		5,876,694
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,604,975	\$_	2,551,797	\$_	140,385	\$	6,297,157

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	5,876,694
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		120,145
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		20,792,910
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		821,436
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		740,821
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,783,153)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(808,614)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(90,391)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,818,243)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(15,393,346)
Payables for right-to-use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(23,246)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(28,287)
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		(979,268)
Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(908,579)
Deferred gain on refunding bonds is not reported in the funds.	_	(38,886)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	6,479,993

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Formerly Major Fund 10 50 98 Data Debt Total Capital Other Control General Service **Projects** Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Codes REVENUES: 3,520,266 \$ 1,051,548 \$ 6.005 \$ 4,577,819 5700 Local and Intermediate Sources \$ 86,894 5800 State Program Revenues 4,162,907 --213,195 4,462,996 5900 Federal Program Revenues 51,196 175,693 773,107 999,996 5020 **Total Revenues** 7,734,369 1,314,135 992,307 10,040,811 **EXPENDITURES:** Current: 0011 Instruction 3,362,667 541,697 3,904,364 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 46,333 46,333 0013 Curriculum and Staff Development 1,230 1,230 107,744 107,744 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 413,127 413,127 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 100,444 29,504 129,948 0033 Health Services 72,788 72,788 0034 Student Transportation 169,562 169,562 0035 Food Service 221,908 221,908 0036 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities 375,567 375,567 0041 General Administration 371,575 371,575 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 1,496,750 1,496,750 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 168,204 1,737 166,467 0053 **Data Processing Services** 254,861 254,861 0071 Principal on Long-term Debt 108,410 8.681 99.729 Interest on Long-term Debt 688,824 689,383 0072 559 Capital Outlay 0081 831,465 54,082 885,547 0093 Payments to Shared Service Arrangements 118,758 118,758 75,055 0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges 75,055 Total Expenditures 788,553 1,013,658 6030 7,808,903 9,611,114 1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) 1100 Expenditures (74.534)525,582 (21,351)429,697 1200 Net Change in Fund Balances (74,534)525,582 (21,351) 429,697 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning, as previously reported 3,343,195 1,992,441 87,605 23,756 5,446,997 Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) (87,605)87,605 Fund Balances - Beginning, as Restated 1,992,441 3,343,195 5,446,997 111,361 3000 Fund Balances - Ending 2,518,023 \$ 90,010 \$ 5,876,694 3,268,661

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 429.697 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because: Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. (21,412)Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. 1,611,114 The depreciation / amortization of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. (1,070,387)GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased ending net position. 155,858 Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction to net pension liability. (133,568)Changes in the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the government wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the change is a decrease in net position. (202,789)GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position. 42,469 OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability. (32,172)Changes in the net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the government wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the change is an increase in net position. 169,021 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 99,729 Repayment of right-to-use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 8,681 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest on bonds from beginning of period to end of period. (49)The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds. 113,286 Deferred gain on refunding bonds is amortized in the SOA but not in the funds. 2,430 Premiums on bonds are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds. 40,822 Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities 1,212,730

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

AUGUST 31, 2024	Custodial Fund
Data	•
Control	Student
Codes	Activity
ASSETS:	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 143,647
1000 Total Assets	143,647
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
2110 Accounts Payable	18,255
2000 Total Liabilities	18,255
NET POSITION:	
3800 Restricted for Student Activities	125,392
3000 Total Net Position	\$ <u>125,392</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS: Revenue from Student Activities Total Additions	\$ <u>305,758</u> 305,758
DEDUCTIONS: Payments for Student Activities	297.661
Total Deductions	297,661
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	8,097
Net Position-Beginning of the Year Net Position-End of the Year	117,295 \$ 125,392

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Lipan Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of the fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee capacity, and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Right to use lease assets are reported at present value of the future lease payments (lease liability), plus any ancillary cost to place the asset in service, plus any additional payments made at or beginning of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor prior to the commencement of the lease term. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated / amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

C-4:---4---1

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings & Improvements	5-30 years
Equipment	3-15 years
Right-to-Use Lease Equipment	4 years

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees, which is a Board resolution. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the Superintendent the authority to assign amounts to be expended for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Implementation of New Standard

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standard. The applicable provisions of the new standard is summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assuming accountability. See footnote M for additional information.

This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). For periods that are earlier than those included in the basic financial statements, information presented in RSI or SI should be restated for error corrections, if practicable, but not for changes in accounting principles.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

B. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$669,235 and the bank balance was \$724,041. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2024 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value
LOGIC - LGIP Lone Star - LGIP	Wtd Avg = 57 days Wtd Avg = 89 days	\$ 879,294 2,977,552
Total Investments	•	\$ 3,856,846

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2024, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

LOGIC LGIP AAAm
Lone Star LGIP AAAm

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk...

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District reports its local government investment pools (Pools) at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. In addition, the Pools do not have any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. The Pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

LOGIC

The Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) (the "Pool") was organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, and operates as a public funds investment pool under the Public Funds Investment Act. LOGIC is organized and existing as a business trust under the laws of the State of Texas with all Participant funds and all investment assets held and managed in trust by a Board of Trustees for the benefit of the Participants.

The Board of Trustees is LOGIC's governing body and is comprised of employees, officers or elected officials of Participant Government Entities or individuals who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise it. A maximum of two advisory board members represents the Co-Administrators of the Pool. The portfolio assets are marked to market daily using the fair value method. Due to the fact that amortized cost, which generally approximates the market value of the assets, has been deemed to be a proxy for fair value, portfolio assets are valued on the basis of the amortized cost valuation technique.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has three different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balances	Increases Decrea			_	Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized:							
Land	\$_	347,437	\$ 388,744	\$	-	\$	736,181
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized	_	347,437	388,744			-	736,181
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		26,116,939	1,134,499		-		27,251,438
Equipment		1,952,156	87,871		-		2,040,027
Right-to-use leased equipment	_	35,493			-	_	35,493
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized		28,104,588	1,222,370		-		29,326,958
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for:							
Buildings and improvements		(7,176,306)	(931,655)		-		(8,107,961)
Equipment		(1,019,839)	(129,859)		-		(1,149,698)
Right-to-use leased equipment	_	(3,697)	(8,873)		-	_	(12,570)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization		(8,199,842)	(1,070,387)		-		(9,270,229)
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized, net	_	19,904,746	151,983		-	_	20,056,729
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	20,252,183	\$ 540,727	\$	-	\$	20,792,910

Depreciation / amortization was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	542,020
Instructional resources and media services		6,327
Curriculum and staff development		168
Instructional leadership		14,713
School leadership		56,413
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		17,745
Health services		9,939
Student transportation		23,154
Food service		30,302
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		51,284
General administration		50,739
Facilities maintenance and operations		204,384
Security and monitoring services		28,398
Data processing services	_	34,802
	\$ [1,070,387

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

D. <u>Interfund Balances and Activities</u>

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 mount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 19,392
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 23,968
	Total	\$ 43,360

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that reimbursable expenditures occur or deposits of revenue are received, the dates the transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and the date the interfund payments are actually settled. All interfund receivables and payables will be liquidated within the next fiscal year.

E. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2024, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	_				_		_
General Obligation Bonds	\$	15,493,075	\$ -	\$ 99,729	\$	15,393,346	\$ 92,452
Accumulated Accretion		1,092,554	-	113,286		979,268	-
Lease Liability*		31,927	-	8,681		23,246	8,856
Premium on Bonds		949,401	-	40,822		908,579	-
Net Pension Liability*		1,579,927	203,226	-		1,783,153	-
Net OPEB Liability*		979,810	-	171,196		808,614	-
Total governmental activities	\$	20,126,694	\$ 203,226	\$ 433,714	\$	19,896,206	\$ 101,308

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Activity Type	Fund
Governmental	General
Governmental	General
Governmental	General
	Governmental

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2024, are as follows:

	 Governme	ental			
Year Ending	В	Bonds	i	_	
August 31	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 92,452	\$	694,600	\$	787,052
2026	95,151		690,401		785,552
2027	88,363		700,539		788,902
2028	82,380		704,321		786,701
2029	65,000		724,502		789,502
2030-2034	1,215,000		2,725,660		3,940,660
2035-2039	5,810,000		2,123,422		7,933,422
2040-2044	2,925,000		1,024,215		3,949,215
2045-2049	3,495,000		447,239		3,942,239
2050-2053	 1,525,000	_	51,640	_	1,576,640
Totals	\$ 15,393,346	\$	9,886,539	\$	25,279,885

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 1999 ranges from 5.95% to 6.20% and matures on August 15, 2028.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax Qualified School Construction Bonds Series 2015 is 4.596% and matures on August 15, 2038.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2021 ranges from 3% to 4% and matures on August 15, 2051.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bond Series 2021 is 3% and matures on August 15, 2041.

The District has covenanted to make mandatory deposits into the Cumulative Sinking Fund Deposit Account held by the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2015. The Sinking Fund calls for annual payments of \$170,000 for 2016-2020 and \$175,000 for 2021-2038. The 2024 deposit was made by the District and is accounted for in Long-Term Investments and Other Restricted Fund Balance as required by the TEA Financial Accountability System of Resource Guide (FASRG).

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2024.

F. <u>Leases</u>

The District is a lessee for noncancelable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset, reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments. The lease asset is initially measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease in service. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or it's useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the lease.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and any other
 payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

There were no variable payments or residual value guarantees or penalties not included in the measurement of the lease. The District did not have any commitments under lease not yet commenced at year-end, components of losses associated with asset impairments, or sublease transactions for Fiscal Year 2024.

The lease with Xerox matures on April 1, 2027 and is for copier equipment with an initial value of \$35,493. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$770 at an interest rate of 2.00%.

Future lease payment maturity schedule is as follows:

Year Ending					
August 31	 Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$ 8,856	\$	384	\$	9,240
2026	9,035		205		9,240
2027	 5,355	_	36	_	5,391
Totals	\$ 23,246	\$_	625	\$	23,871

G. Risk Management

Property Casualty Program

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund) with coverage in Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Privacy & Information Security, Property, and School Liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its auto, liability, and property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2024, the Fund anticipates Lipan ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Workers Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2024, Lipan ISD met its statutory worker's compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop-loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2023, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$48,919,036 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended August 31, 2024, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund ("the Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2024, the Fund anticipates that Lipan ISD will have no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 through 2025.

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Contribution Rates

	2023	 2024
Member	8.00%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.00%	8.25%
Employers	8.00%	8.25%
District's 2024 Employer Contributions		\$ 155,858
District's 2024 Member Contributions		\$ 317,119
2023 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$ 221,422

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as employment after retirement surcharge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023	4.13% *
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	2122
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

^{*} The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56% in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Asset Class *	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag ****			-0.90%
Expected Return	100.00%	_	8.00%

^{*} Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1	1% Decrease in	Discount	1% Increase in
		Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
	_	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability:	\$	2,665,913	1,783,153	\$ 1,049,138

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model.

^{***} Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hew itt (as of 08/31/2023).

^{****} The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,783,153 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability
State's proportionate share that is associated with District

Total

\$ 1,783,153
2,958,915

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.002596%, which was a decrease of 0.000065% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

9. Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$783,128 and revenue of \$446,771 representing pension expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
	•		
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$	63,534	\$ 21,592
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		168,651	41,273
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		259,492	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions		173,901	27,526
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability		155,858	-
Total	\$	821,436	\$ 90,391

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

The deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31		Pension Expense Amount
Auguston	_	Amount
2025	\$	148,549
2026		105,686
2027		242,622
2028		75,259
2029		3,072
Thereafter		(1)

I. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly	Premium Rates
------------------	---------------

	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135 \$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of Salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2023	_	2024
Member	0.65%		0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers	0.75%		0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
District's 2024 Employer Contributions		\$	42,469
District's 2024 Member Contributions		\$	25,629
2023 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$	38,233

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was an increase of .22% in the discount rate since the previous year.

Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% lower than and 1% higher than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in			Discount		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate			Rate		Discount Rate
		(3.13%)		(4.13%)	_	(5.13%)
District's proportionate		_		_		_
share of the net OPEB liability:	\$	952,379	\$_	808,614	\$	691,298

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$808,614 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	808,614
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	_	975,717
Total	\$	1,784,331

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023; and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.003653%, which was a decrease of 0.000439% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1	% Decrease in		Current Single	1% Increase in	
	t	he Healthcare		Healthcare	the Healthcare	
		Trend Rate	_	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	_
District's proportionate			_			_
share of the net OPEB liability:	\$_	665,853	\$	808,614	\$ 992,276	_

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The single discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was (\$345,437) and revenue of (\$208,588) representing OPEB expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$	36,584	\$ 680,295
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		110,370	495,136
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		349	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions		551,049	642,812
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability		42,469	-
Total	\$	740,821	\$ 1,818,243

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025. The net amount of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		OPEB Expense
August 31	_	Amount
2025	\$	(204,639)
2026		(167,551)
2027		(117,341)
2028		(119,110)
2029		(155,146)
Thereafter		(356.104)

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$21,346.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

J. <u>Employee Health Care Coverage</u>

During the year ended August 31, 2024, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$250 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third-party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Plan are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2024.

L. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for special education with the following school districts:

Member Districts Morgan Mill ISD Huckabay ISD Lipan ISD

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Morgan Mill ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

M. Adjustments to Beginning Balances

The District's Capital Projects Fund was a major fund in the prior year and became a non-major fund in the current year. Accordingly, GASB Statement 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* applies. As a result, the beginning fund balances of the other governmental funds has been changed as follows:

		Governmental	
		Other	Total
	Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
Beginning fund balance, as previously reported	\$ 87,605	\$ 23,756	\$ 111,361
Change from major to nonmajor fund	(87,605)	87,605	 -
Beginning fund balance, as adjusted	\$ -	\$ 111,361	\$ 111,361

N. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through November 18, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and nothing significant requiring disclosure was noted.

		ementary Inform		
Required supplementary informa Accounting Standards Board but n	tion includes financial ot considered a part of t	information and discl he basic financial statem	osures required by t nents.	he Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

_			1		2		3		Variance with
Data Control			Budgete	d Am	ounto				Final Budget Positive
Codes		-	Original	u Aii	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_	Oligiliai	_	- I III CI	_	, totaai	-	(Hoganio)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,785,100	\$	3,499,011	\$	3,520,266	\$	21,255
5800	State Program Revenues		3,648,553		4,159,125		4,162,907		3,782
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	35,000	_	51,196	_	51,196	-	
5020	Total Revenues	_	6,468,653	_	7,709,332	_	7,734,369	-	25,037
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		3,601,825		3,527,825		3,362,667		165,158
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		43,789		46,789		46,333		456
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	_	2,900		2,900	_	1,230	-	1,670
	Total instruction and instr. Related Services	_	3,648,514	_	3,577,514	_	3,410,230	-	167,284
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		103,701		109,701		107,744		1,957
0023	School Leadership	_	396,898	_	416,898	_	413,127	_	3,771
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	_	500,599		526,599		520,871	_	5,728
	Student Support Services:								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		82,864		107,864		100,444		7,420
0033	Health Services		76,089		76,089		72,788		3,301
0034	Student Transportation		153,758		194,794		169,562		25,232
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	_	299,537	_	386,537	_	375,567	_	10,970
	Total Student Support Services		612,247	_	765,284	_	718,361	_	46,923
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		355,812		380,812		371,575		9,237
	Total Administrative Support Services	_	355,812		380,812	_	371,575	-	9,237
0054	Support Services:		200 700		1 557 150		4 400 750		00.400
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		630,796		1,557,153		1,496,750		60,403
0052 0053	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services		1,000 291,780		3,000 301,780		1,737 254,861		1,263 46,919
0055	Total Support Services	_	923,576	_	1,861,934	_	1,753,348	-	108,586
	Total Support Solvioss	_	020,070	-	1,001,001	-	1,700,010	-	100,000
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		27,905		26,895		8,681		18,214
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	_		_	1,010	_	559	-	451
	Total Debt Service	_	27,905	_	27,905	_	9,240	-	18,665
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay		220,000		893,965		831,465	_	62,500
	Total Capital Outlay	_	220,000	_	893,965	_	831,465	_	62,500
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		115,000		120,000		118,758		1,242
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		65,000		85,000		75,055		9,945
- 300	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	180,000		205,000	_	193,813	-	11,187
	-							_	
6030	Total Expenditures	_	6,468,653	_	8,239,012	_	7,808,903	-	430,109

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data			1		2	3		/ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgeted	d An	nounts			Positive
Codes			Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			_				
1100	Expenditures	_		_	(529,680)	 (74,534)	_	455,146
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
7913	Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets				35,000			(35,000)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				35,000			(35,000)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_			(494,680)	(74,534)		420,146
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		3,343,195		3,343,195	3,343,195		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,343,195	\$_	2,848,515	\$ 3,268,661	\$_	420,146

LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS

						Measurement Year	int Year				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	J	0.002596%	0.002661%	0.002353%	0.002345%	0.001945%	0.001684%	0.001770%	0.002400%	0.002311%	0.001503%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	1,783,153 \$	1,579,927 \$	599,195 \$	1,256,189 \$	1,011,245 \$	927,148 \$	566,104 \$	\$ 656,906	816,943 \$	401,552
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		2,958,915	2,275,456	1,094,644	2,341,871	2,077,775	2,091,382	1,251,696	1,454,082	1,311,219	1,064,338
Total	\$	4,742,068	3,855,383 \$ 1,	1,693,839 \$	3,598,060	3,089,020	3,018,530	1,817,800	2,361,041	2,128,162	1,465,890
District's covered payroll	↔	3,688,787 \$	3,172,301 \$	3,008,022 \$	2,855,497 \$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$	2,195,331 \$	2,329,359 \$	2,179,052 \$	2,027,633
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		48.34%	49.80%	19.92%	43.99%	41.86%	41.78%	25.79%	38.94%	37.49%	19.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	ge	73.15%	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	76,282 \$ 68,433	(76,282) (68,433)		359 \$ 2,179,052	3.27% 3.14%
	2016	58,025 \$ 76,2	(58,025) (76,2	+ + • 	2,195,331 \$ 2,329,359 \$	2.64% 3.2
	2017	56,627 \$ 58,	(56,627) (58,	₩ ₩	2,219,024 \$ 2,195,	2.55% 2.6
	9 2018	67,369 \$ 56	(67,369) (56	6	2,415,495 \$ 2,219	2.79% 2.4
Fiscal Year	2020 2019	93,883 \$ 67	(93,883)	•	2,855,497 \$ 2,415	3.29%
	2021 20	100,329 \$ 9	100,329) (9	- : 	3,008,022 \$ 2,85	3.34%
	2022 20	121,402 \$ 1	(121,402)	₩ ₩	,172,301 \$	3.83%
	2023	133,568 \$	(133,568)	9	3,688,787 \$ 3	3.29%
	2024	155,858 \$	(155,858)	9	3,850,393 \$	4.05%
		↔		⇔	↔	
		Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS *

						Measurement Year	ent Year						
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014	
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0	0.003653%	0.004092%	0.004319%	0.004986%	0.004122%	0.003234%	0.003445%	:		;	1	
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	₩	808,614 \$	979,810 \$	1,666,170 \$	1,895,500 \$	1,949,357 \$	1,614,840 \$	1,497,968 \$!	↔	⇔ :	;	
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	6	975,717	975,717 1,195,214 \$ 1,784,331 \$\$	2,232,296	2,547,097	2,590,261	1,966,633	1,785,948	: :	 	 	: :	
District's covered payroll	↔	3,688,787 \$	3,688,787 \$ 3,172,301 \$	3,008,022 \$	2,855,497 \$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$	2,195,331 \$;	⇔	\$:	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		21.92%	30.89%	55.39%	66.38%	80.70%	72.77%	68.23%	;		ŀ	1	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	зде	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	:		;	;	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fiscal Year	ear						
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	↔	42,469 \$	32,172 \$	33,175 \$	33,759 \$	37,484 \$	29,047 \$	22,424 \$	ŀ	↔	1	↔	;
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	6	42,469	32,172	33,175	33,759	37,484	29,047	22,424	:	6	:	- E	:
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ا	 	# 	 	e	e 	# 	 	:	ا م	:	ا ا	:
District's covered payroll	₩	3,850,393 \$ 3,688,787 \$	3,688,787 \$	3,172,301 \$	3,008,022 \$	2,855,497 \$	2,855,497 \$ 2,415,495 \$ 2,219,024 \$	2,219,024 \$;	₩	:	↔	;
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.10%	0.87%	1.05%	1.12%	1.31%	1.20%	1.01%	!		!		ŀ

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required (General Fund, Food Service Fund, and Debt Service Fund). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Changes of assumptions

Any changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Any changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Other Supplementary Information This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	1		2	3 Assessed/Appraised		
Year Ended		Rates	Debt Service	,	Value For School	
August 31	 aintenance		Debt Service		Tax Purposes	
2015 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various	
2016	1.1700		.3180		176,722,849	
2017	1.1700		.3350		170,452,425	
2018	1.1700		.3200		171,423,221	
2019	1.1700		.3100		173,894,797	
2020	1.0684		.3000		187,358,344	
2021	.9630		.3000		245,037,791	
2022	.9603		.3350		240,612,170	
2023	.9402		.3350		289,574,184	
2024 (School Year Under Audit)	.7514		.3300		294,121,185	
1000 Totals						

8000 - Total Taxes Refunded under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy, is the ending levy provided by Hood Central Appraisal District.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes, is calculated based on the current year total levy divided by current total tax rate. The amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

_	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/23	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/24	99 Total Taxes Refunded Under Sect. 26.1115(c)
\$	18,504 \$	\$	427 \$	82 \$	(3,577) \$	14,418	
	2,521		199	54	13	2,281	
	2,992		448	128	13	2,429	
	7,239		901	246	13	6,105	
	19,221		1,735	460	1	17,027	
	18,663		2,262	635		15,766	
	22,957		2,737	853	38	19,405	
	52,154		14,590	5,090	1,398	33,872	
	101,956		46,095	16,424	(3,739)	35,698	
		3,180,626	2,165,184	950,906	1,399	65,935	
\$	246,207 \$	3,180,626	2,234,578	974,878	<u>(4,441)</u> \$	212,936	

\$ --

\$ --

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control			1		2		3 Variance Positive
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,559	\$	5,839	\$	1,280
5800	State Program Revenues		8,556		8,556		
5900	Federal Program Revenues		193,618		202,143		8,525
5020	Total Revenues		206,733		216,538		9,805
	EXPENDITURES: Current:						
	Student Support Services:						
0035	Food Service		224,239		221,908		2,331
	Total Student Support Services		224,239		221,908		2,331
6030	Total Expenditures		224,239		221,908		2,331
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		(17,506)		(5,370)		12,136
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,506)		(5,370)		12,136
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		13,946		13,946		
3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	Φ		\$		\$	12 126
3000	Fund Dalance - Ending	Φ	(3,560)	Φ	8,576	Φ	12,136

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data			1		2		3 Variance
Control							Positive
Codes	_		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	775,191	\$	1,051,548	\$	276,357
5800	State Program Revenues		15,000		86,894		71,894
5900	Federal Program Revenues		173,361		175,693		2,332
5020	Total Revenues		963,552	_	1,314,135	_	350,582
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		274,729		99,729		175,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		688,823		688,824		(1)
	Total Debt Service		963,553		788,553		175,000
6030	Total Expenditures	_	963,553		788,553	_	175,000
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures				525,582		525,582
	•						
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance				525,582		525,582
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,992,441		1,992,441	_	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,992,441	\$	2,518,023	\$	525,582

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM AS OF AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes	_	R	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	346,500
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30)	\$	177,172
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	12,220
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	\$	80,485



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Lipan Independent School District 211 N. Kickapoo Lipan, Texas 76462

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lipan Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lipan Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lipan Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lipan Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lipan Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Lipan Independent School District in a separate letter dated November 18, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Snow Garrett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams

November 18, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Lipan Independent School District 211 N. Kickapoo Lipan, Texas 76462

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lipan Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Lipan Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024. Lipan Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lipan Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Lipan Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lipan Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Lipan Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Lipan Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Lipan Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Lipan Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Lipan Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lipan Independent School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Snow Garrett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams

November 18, 2024

C.

NONE

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A. Summary of Auditor's Results 1 Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: One or more material weaknesses identified? X No Yes One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No 2 Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified May 2024 Version of compliance supplement used in audit: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, para. 200.516(a)?? Yes X No Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X No Yes В. Financial Statement Findings NONE

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A corrective action plan is not needed.

EXHIBIT K-1 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education	10.553 10.555	71402401 71302401	\$ 33,319 134,299 167,618
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Supply Chain Assistance Total ALN 10.555 Total Passed Through State Department of Agriculture Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5 NT4XL1YGLGC5	9,737 23,935 33,672 33,672 201,290 201,290
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Agriculture State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT- COVID-19) Total Passed Through State Department of Agriculture Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.649	NT4XL1YGLGC5	853 853 853
U. S. Department of Education Direct Program: ESEA, Title V, Part B, Subpart 2-REAP	84.358A		50,228
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	24680101111902	4,200
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total ALN 84.010A	84.010A 84.010A	246101011111902 236101011111902	49,964 8,908 58,872
ESEA Title II, Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	24694501111902	2,875
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III-COVID 19)	84.425U	21528001111902	147,177
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III TCLAS-COVID 19) Total ALN 84.425 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	84.425U	215280587110090	307,612 454,789 520,736 570,964 \$ 773,107

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Lipan Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Lipan Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation

The following table reconciles expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to the federal program revenues per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds:

\$	999,996
	(175,693)
_	(51,196)
\$	773,107
	\$ \$

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		F	Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 daysfrom the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	979,268